

# Safety Data Sheet Carbon Anode Solution

Version: 1.5 Revision date: Feb. 5<sup>th</sup> 2024 Supersedes: Nov. 16<sup>th</sup> 2022

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### 1.1. Product Identifiers

Substance Name: Carbon Anode Solution

CAS No.: NA

Product Code: UIC, Inc. Catalog Number CM300-002

#### 1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the substance/mixture:

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

UIC Inc

16720 Cherry Creek Court

Joliet, IL 60433

Phone: (815) 744-4477 Fax: (815) 744-1561

#### **Emergency Telephone Number**

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call emergency number: 1-815-474-8753

# 2. Hazards Identification of the product

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Flammable liquids (Category 4), H227 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Skin irritation (Category 2), H315 Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

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Signal word Warning

# Hazard statement(s)

H227 Combustible liquid.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

# Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

# 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Chemical name: Dimethyl sulfoxide
Synonyms: DMSO, Methyl sulfoxide

Formula:  $C_2H_6OS$ Molecular weight: 78.13 g/mol CAS-No.: 67-68-5EC-No.: 200-664-3

Chemical name: Potassium Iodide

Formula: KI

Molecular weight: 166.00 g/mol CAS-No.: 7681-11-0 EC-No.: 231-659-4

#### **Hazardous components**

Component	Classification	Concentration
Dimethyl sulfoxide	Flam. Liq. 4; H227	>75 %
Potassium Iodide	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; H302, H315, H319	1-10 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 4. First Aid Measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

#### lf inhaled

Remove to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, have qualified medical personnel administer oxygen, keep person warm and get medical attention.

#### In case of skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Flush skin with water for 15-20 minutes to remove all chemicals. Get immediate medical attention.

#### In case of eye contact

Flush eyes immediately with large amounts of water for 15-20 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids to remove all chemicals. Get immediate medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention. Maintain airway and respiration. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent aspiration.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, Sulfur oxides, Hydrogen iodide, Potassium oxides

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary

#### 5.4. Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Immediately contact environmental supervisor. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Remove all sources of ignition. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# 7. Handling and Storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic charge.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Air, light, and moisture sensitive. Store under inert gas.

Hygroscopic

Storage class (TRGS 510): Combustible liquids.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

#### 8.1. Control Parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis
			parameters	
Dimethyl sulfoxide	67-68-5	TWA	250.000000 ppm	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure
				Levels (WEEL)
Potassium Iodide	7681-11-0	TWA	0.010000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	Remarks	Upper F	Respiratory Tract irritati	ion Hypothyroidism Not classifiable as a
		human	carcinogen varies	
		TWA	0.010000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Hypothyroidism Not classifiable as a		
		human	carcinogen varies	

#### 8.2. Exposure Controls

# **Appropriate engineering controls**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### Personal protective equipment

# Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

# Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact

Material: Nature latex/chloroprene Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Lapren® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.2 mm Break through time: 38 min

Material tested: Dermatril® P (KCL 743 / Aldrich Z677388, Size M)

Data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method:

EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

# **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### Respiratory protection

Specific respirator selection based on contamination levels in the workplace with the levels not exceeding the working limit of the respirator. Must be jointly approved by NIOSH-MSHA.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Appearance Form: liquid

b) Color Clear or light yellow.

c) Odor Mild ripe olive, vegetable odor.

d) Odor Threshold No data available

e) pH No data available

f) Melting point/freezing point No data available g) Initial boiling point and boiling range 370°F

h) Flash point 190°F (CC)
i) Evaporation rate 4.3 (CCl4 = 1)
j) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

k) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits No data available

I) Vapor pressure 0.46 mm Hg @ 20°C
 m) Vapor density 2.70 - (Air = 1.0)
 n) Relative density No data available

o) Water solubility Miscible

p) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available

q) Auto-ignition temperature 572°F

r) Decomposition temperature No data available s) Viscosity No data available

t) Specific gravity 1.1

u) Explosive properties Not explosive

v) Oxidizing properties the substance or mixture is not

classified as oxidizing.

w) % volatile Non-volatile

#### 9.2 Other safety information

Softening point No information available VOC content (%) No information available

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

# 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

No data available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, alkali metals, and carbon dioxide.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Emits toxic oxides of carbon, iodine, or iodide compounds when heated to decomposition. May produce formaldehyde and methyl mercaptan.

# 11. Toxicological Information 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

11.1 Information on to	Dimethyl sulfoxide	Potassium lodide
Acute toxicity	LD50 Oral - Rat -14,500 mg/kg	LD50 Oral - Mouse - 1,000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity	LD50 Dermal - Rabbit -> 5,000 mg/kg	Inhalation: No data available
	LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 40250	Dermal: No data available
	ppm	No data available
	No data available	
Skin	No data available	Skin - Rabbit
corrosion/irritation		Result: Irritating to skin.
Serious eye	No data available	Eyes - Rabbit Result: Irritating to eyes.
damage/eye		- 24 h (Draize Test)
irritation		
Respiratory or skin	No data available	Prolonged or repeated exposure may
sensitization		cause allergic reactions in certain
		sensitive individuals
Germ cell	Mouse	No data available
mutagenicity	Lymphocyte	
	Cytogenetic analysis	
	Mouse	
	Lymphocyte	
	Mutation in mammalian	
	somatic cells	
	Rat	
	Cytogenetic analysis	
	Mouse	
	DNA damage	
Carcinogenicity	Carcinogenicity - Rat– Oral	
	Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic	
	agent by RTECS criteria. Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors.	
	Carcinogenicity - Mouse– Oral	
	Tumorigenic: Equivocal tumorigenic	
	agent by RTECS criteria. Leukemia Skin	
	and Appendages: Other: Tumors.	
	ACGIH: No component of this product	
	present at levels greater than or equal	
	to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or	
	potential carcinogen by ACGIH.	
		1

	IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.  NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.  OSHA: No component of this product	IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.  NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.  OSHA: No component of this product
	present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.	present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity	Reproductive toxicity - Rat – Intraperitoneal	Exposure to excessive amounts of iodine during pregnancy is capable of producing fetal hypothyroidism. Iodine-containing drugs have been associated with fetal goiter.
	Effects on Fertility: Abortion.  Reproductive toxicity - Rat –  Intraperitoneal	No data available
	Effects on Fertility: Post-implantation mortality (e.g., dead and/or resorbed implants per total number of implants).	
	Reproductive toxicity - Rat – Subcutaneous	
	Effects on Fertility: Post-implantation mortality (e.g., dead and/or resorbed implants per total number of implants).	
	Effects on Fertility: Litter size (e.g.; # fetuses per litter; measured before birth).	
	Reproductive toxicity - Mouse – Oral Effects on Fertility: Pre-implantation mortality (e.g., reduction in number of implants per female; total number of implants per corpora lutea).	

	Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.  Developmental Toxicity - Mouse — Intraperitoneal Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No data available	No data available
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No data available	No data available
Aspiration hazard	No data available	No data available
Additional	RTECS: PV6210000	RTECS: TT2975000
Information	Effects due to ingestion may include: Nausea, Fatigue, Headache To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.	Prolonged exposure to iodides may produce iodism in sensitive individuals. Symptoms of exposure include: skin rash, running nose, headache and irritation of the mucous membrane. For severe cases the skin may show pimples, boils, hives, blisters and black and blue spots. Iodides are readily diffused across the placenta. Neonatal deaths from respiratory distress secondary to goiter have been reported. Iodides have been known to cause druginduced fevers, which are usually of short duration.
	Eyes - Eye disease -	Liver - Irregularities -
	Based on Human Evidence	Based on Human Evidence
	Eyes - Eye disease -	Liver - Irregularities -
	Based on Human Evidence	Based on Human Evidence

# 12. Ecological Information

This product has not been studied as a mixture.

Dimethyl sulfoxide	Potassium Iodide
12.1. Toxicity	
Toxicity to fish LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 34,000 mg/l - 96 h LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 35,000 mg/l - 96 h	Toxicity to fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 2,190 mg/l - 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 24,600 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia (water flea) - 2.7 mg/l - 24 h
Toxicity to algae EC50 -  Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 17,000 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)	
12.2 Persistence and degradability	
Biodegradability Result: 31 % - According to the results of tests of biodegradability this product is not readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)	No data available
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
No data available	No data available
12.4 Mobility in soil	
No data available	No data available
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessme	ent
PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted	PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted
12.6 Other adverse effects	12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available Stability in water - 0.12 - 1.2 h at 30 °C Remarks: Hydrolyses readily	No data available

# 13. Disposal Considerations

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

# **Product**

Contain spill with absorbent, do not allow material to enter streams or waterways. Place in a clean, dry container for disposal in an approved waste facility according to Federal, State and local regulations.

# **Contaminated packaging**

Dispose of as unused product

# 14. Transport Information

# DOT (US)

Not regulated

#### **IMDG**

Not regulated

#### **IATA**

Not regulated

# 15. Regulatory Information

# **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

# **SARA 313 Components**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

#### **Massachusetts Right to Know Components**

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

# Pennsylvania Right to Know Components

CAS-No. Revision Date 67-68-5 2007-03-01

Potassium iodide 7681-11-0

#### **New Jersey Right to Know Components**

CAS-No. Revision Date

Dimethyl sulfoxide 67-68-5 2007-03-01

Potassium iodide 7681-11-0

### California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### 16. Other Information

Dimethyl sulfoxide

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

# **Dimethyl sulfoxide**

Flam. Liq. -Flammable liquids

H227 Combustible liquid

#### Potassium iodide

Acute Tox. -Acute toxicity

Eye Irrit. -Eye irritation

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Skin Irrit. -Skin irritation

# **HMIS Rating**

# **Dimethyl sulfoxide**

Health hazard: 0

Chronic Health Hazard: \*

Flammability: 2 Physical Hazard 0

#### Potassium iodide

Health hazard: 2

Chronic Health Hazard: \*

Flammability: 0 Physical Hazard 0

# NFPA Rating

#### Dimethyl sulfoxide

Health hazard: 0 Fire Hazard: 2 Reactivity Hazard: 0

# Potassium iodide

Health hazard: 2 Fire Hazard: 0 Reactivity Hazard: 0

# **Label Hazard Warning:**

WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.

**Product Use:** Laboratory Reagent

#### **Further information**

UIC, Inc. has obtained the most current chemical information available to us in updating this Safety Data Sheet. However, users should always use caution when working with chemicals, as UIC, Inc. assumes no liability resulting from its use. Additionally, we make no warranty with respect to any information published on this sheet, either stated or implied.

Version: 1.5 Revision Date: February 5<sup>th</sup>, 2024